Introduction to the STAT207 Course

Case Study:
What datasets do you find interesting?

Purpose of this Lecture:

In this lecture we will cover the following topics.

- About you
- About me
- What is data science?
- Data science vs. statistics
- Course Goals
- Why use Python for data science?
- Why study data science?
- Skills needed by a data scientist
- Course website and syllabus
- Course Github enterprise organization
- Lecture format
- Lab format
What types of data sets would you like to **gain insights from, make predictions with, and/or use to help make better decisions**?

![Create Public Datasets](https://www.kaggle.com/datasets)

What places have you been able to find fun and interesting datasets from in the past?
• Online Advertising
• TV Advertising
• Narcotics Detection
• Gene Expression Analysis
• Get Out the Vote Initiatives
Data Science Pipeline

Formulate Research Question → Collect Data → Data Management → Data Cleaning/Data Representation → Descriptive Analytics → Predictive Analytics → Prescriptive Analytics → Probability Theory → Inferential Statistics

Coding, Ethics, and Communication
**Data Science Pipeline**

**Current State of Data Analysis/Science:**
1. Field of data analysis is broad! (Impossible to know *everything*.)
2. New and useful statistical analyses and algorithms are developed everyday!
3. Datasets are larger!

[Show diagram](https://www.amstat.org/asa/education/Curriculum-Guidelines-for-Undergraduate-Programs-in-Statistical-Science.aspx)
1. **Survey** of the data science pipeline

2. Using **Python**, complete a **beginning-to-end data science project**.

3. When conducting a more advanced data science project, **develop an intuition** for:
   a. what **questions to ask**
   b. how to **efficiently** learn **new algorithms, models, functions** etc
   c. What **search terms** to look up
   d. **what to research**

4. **Topics covered**:  
   a. [http://courses.las.illinois.edu/spring2022/stat207/course_topics.html](http://courses.las.illinois.edu/spring2022/stat207/course_topics.html)
Why use Python for Data Science?

Top 10 Data Science Programming Language by % of Job Ads in which the Language is Mentioned

- Python: 90.4%
- R: 73.4%
- SQL: 58.5%
- Scala: 21.3%
- SAS: 18.1%
- Java: 16.0%
- Matlab: 14.9%
- Hive: 13.8%
- C/C++: 7.4%
- Pig: 7.4%

https://towardsdatascience.com/which-programming-language-should-data-scientists-learn-first-aac4d3fd3038

What are some ways we could have collected this data?
What if we wanted make an inference about whether Python is the most used programming language of ALL DATA SCIENTISTS using this sample of data scientists? What might we be interested to know about how the data was collected?
- [www.stackoverflow.com](http://www.stackoverflow.com) has great answers to many of the questions you could ask for Python!
- Working in a big team to automate something? Python is great!

WHY STUDY DATA SCIENCE?

Data Scientist Roles and Average Salaries (in $)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Junior/Associate Data Scientist</td>
<td>91,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Scientist</td>
<td>108,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.I./Machine Learning Engineer</td>
<td>127,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Science Manager/Architect</td>
<td>140,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief/Senior/Principal Data Scientist</td>
<td>146,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director of Data Science</td>
<td>159,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Dice.com


• **Data Businesspeople** are the product and profit-focused data scientists. They’re leaders, managers, and entrepreneurs, but with a technical bent. A common educational path is an engineering degree paired with an MBA.

• **Data Creatives** are eclectic jacks-of-all-trades, able to work with a broad range of data and tools. They may think of themselves as artists or hackers, and excel at visualization and open source technologies.

• **Data Developers** are focused on writing software to do analytic, statistical, and machine learning tasks, often in production environments. They often have computer science degrees, and often work with so-called “big data”.

• **Data Researchers** apply their scientific training, and the tools and techniques they learned in academia, to organizational data. They may have PhDs, and their creative applications of mathematical tools yields valuable insights and products.

http://radar.oreilly.com/2013/06/theres-more-than-one-kind-of-data-scientist.html
Course Website and Syllabus

Canvas Page:  [https://compass2g.illinois.edu/](https://compass2g.illinois.edu/)

- Your grades
- Lecture markups
- Lecture videos
- Discussion
- Zoom Meeting Links

Course Website:  [http://courses.las.illinois.edu/spring2022/stat207/](http://courses.las.illinois.edu/spring2022/stat207/)

- Course schedule and incomplete lecture notes (to be filled out in the lecture).
- Syllabus
- Assignment and Project Information
- Tech Guides
- Course Content List
- Course Staff Info
Course Github Enterprise Organization

https://github-dev.cs.illinois.edu/stat207-sp22-el1

1. Your netid repository
   - push your completed lab assignments here for grading.

2. _release repository
   - fetch and merge (ie. download) your weekly lab assignments from here.

3. _classnotes repository
   - pull (ie. download) the lecture note materials here.
Lecture Format

During Lecture

- **Lectures are Synchronous and In-Person**: attendance strongly encouraged if you are able to, but not required!

- **“Skeleton” Lecture Unit Materials Posted Before Class**
  - [http://courses.las.illinois.edu/spring2022/stat207](http://courses.las.illinois.edu/spring2022/stat207)
  - [https://github-dev.cs.illinois.edu/stat207-sp22-el1/_classnotes](https://github-dev.cs.illinois.edu/stat207-sp22-el1/_classnotes)

- **Lecture Unit Folder Includes:**
  - Slides pdf (*conceptual*)
  - Jupyter Notebook (*applications*)
  - Jupyter Notebook pdf copy
  - csv files (sometimes)

After Lecture

- Lecture Markups Posted on Canvas

- Lecture Video Posted on Canvas
Lab Format

## During Lab

Labs are Synchronous and In-Person:

- 5 points for attendance at each lab
- 50 total points for lab attendance
- 4 lab misses penalty free

## Lab Purpose

Work on lab assignments and ask the TA and CAs questions

- Individual lab assignment [25 points]
- Group lab assignment [5 points]
  - Groups of 2-3
  - Contribution report
  - Only one team member needs to submit

## After Lab

Submit your lab assignment materials to Github by the following Wednesday night 11:59pm CST at the latest.